

# **Rossmoyne Senior High School**

Semester Two Examination, 2016

**Question/Answer Booklet** 

MATHEMATICS APPLICATIONS UNITS 3 AND 4 Section One: Calculator-free

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Student Number: In figures

In words

Your name

# Time allowed for this section

Reading time before commencing work: Working time for section: five minutes fifty minutes

# Materials required/recommended for this section

**To be provided by the supervisor** This Question/Answer Booklet Formula Sheet

### To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

Special items: nil

# Important note to candidates

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non-personal nature in the examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

# Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of exam
Section One: Calculator-free	8	8	50	52	35
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	13	13	100	97	65
			Total	149	100

# Instructions to candidates

- 1. The rules for the conduct of examinations are detailed in the school handbook. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
- 2. Write your answers in this Question/Answer Booklet.
- 3. You must be careful to confine your response to the specific question asked and to follow any instructions that are specified to a particular question.
- 4. Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.
  - Planning: If you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
  - Continuing an answer: If you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number. Fill in the number of the question that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.
- 5. **Show all your working clearly**. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
- 6. It is recommended that you **do not use pencil**, except in diagrams.
- 7. The Formula Sheet is **not** to be handed in with your Question/Booklet.

# Section One: Calculator-free

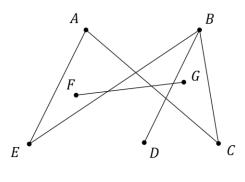
This section has **eight (8)** questions. Answer **all** questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

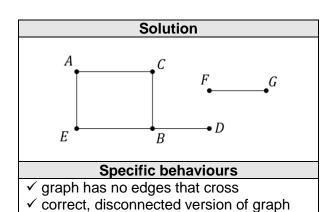
3

Working time for this section is 50 minutes.

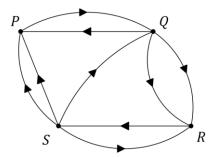
# Question 1

(a) Re-draw the following graph to clearly illustrate that it is planar.





(b) A digraph is shown below.



i)	Construct an adjacency matrix M	l fro	m th	e di	gra	oh.	(2 marks)
		Sc	oluti	on			
				Т	0		
			Р	Q	R		
		Р	[0	1	0	0]	
	Enom	Q	1	0	2	0	
	From	Ř	[0 1 0 2	0	0	1	
		S	2	1	1	0	
			_			_	
	Spec	cific	; beł	navi	our	s	
$\checkmark$	at least 14 elements correct using	fror	n/to	con	ven	tion	unless labelled otherwise
	all 16 elements correct						
L							

(ii) Explain what information the matrix  $M^2$  would show.

(1 mark)

Solution
The number of two stage pathways between vertices in the graph

#### Specific behaviours

✓ explanation

#### See next page

(5 marks)

(2 marks)

**CALCULATOR-FREE** 

#### **Question 2**

(7 marks)

(2 marks)

The number of laptop computers,  $T_n$ , that were brought to a school IT department for recharging during week n of the school year can be described recursively by the rule

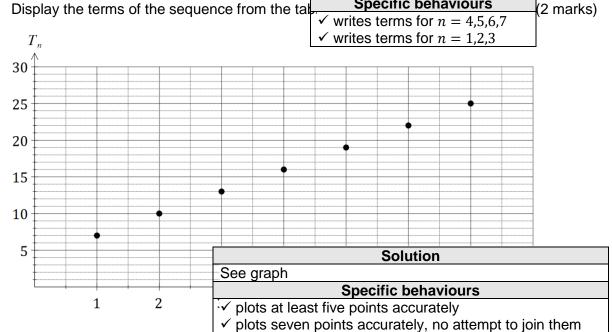
4

$$T_{n+1} = T_n + 3, \qquad T_4 = 16$$

Use the rule to complete the table below. (a)

n	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$T_n$	7	10	13	16	19	22	25
				So	So e table	olution	

**Specific behaviours** Display the terms of the sequence from the ta (b)



A rule to determine the number of laptops brought for recharging during week n can also (c) be written in the form  $T_n = an + b$ . Determine the values of *a* and *b*. (2 marks)

Solution
$T_n = 7 + (n-1)(3) = 3n + 4$
a = 3, b = 4
Specific behaviours
$\checkmark$ determines value of a
$\checkmark$ determines value of b

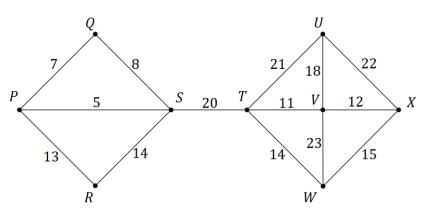
If the pattern continued, determine the number of the week during which the number of (d) laptops brought in for recharging first exceeds 50. (1 mark)

Solution
$3n + 4 = 50, n = 15\frac{1}{3}$ . During week 16.
Specific behaviours
✓ states correct week

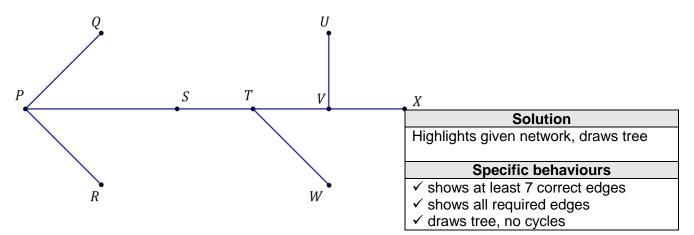
#### **Question 3**

(6 marks)

The network below shows the distances, in kilometres, between nine towns, P, Q, R, ..., X.



(a) Use Prim's algorithm, starting from *P*, to determine a minimum spanning tree for the network and draw the minimum spanning tree below. (3 marks)



(b) State the length of the minimum spanning tree.

 Solution

 5 + 7 + 13 + 20 + 11 + 12 + 14 + 18 = 100 km

 Specific behaviours

 ✓ states length

(c) Prim's algorithm from different starting points produces the same minimum spanning tree for this network. State the final edge that would complete the minimum spanning tree using Prim's algorithm:

(i)	starting from S.	

Solution
Final edge: VU
-
Specific behaviours
✓ states edge

(ii) starting from W.

Solution
Final edge: PR
Specific behaviours
✓ states edge

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

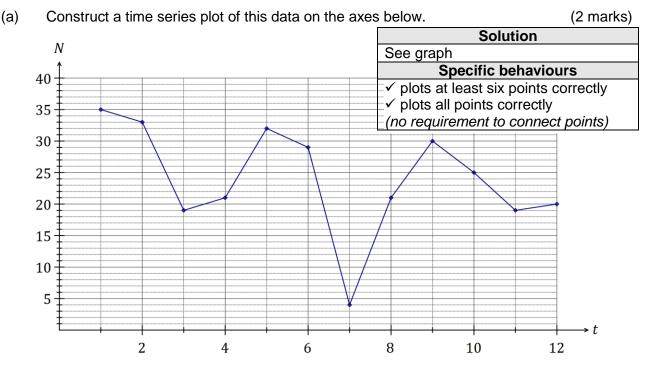
See next page

#### Question 4

#### (7 marks)

The table below shows the number of members, N, of a swimming club who turned up for training over the first three weeks of winter. The club trained on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday each week.

	Week 1					We	ek 2		Week 3			
Day	М	Т	W	Т	М	Т	W	Т	М	Т	W	Т
Time, t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Number, N	35	33	19	21	32	29	4	21	30	25	19	20



(b) Comment on features of the time series plot, including trend and seasonality. (3 marks)

Solution	
Trend is decreasing - fewer members are turning up each day Weekly (4 day) seasons, with most on Mons and least on Weds Likely outlier on Wed of Wk 2, much lower than other two Weds	
Specific behaviours	
✓ comments on decreasing trend	
✓ comments on seasons	
✓ comments on outlier, or other relevant feature	

(c) The trend line for the data is N = 30 - 0.9t. Comment on the usefulness of this line as a short and long term trend model. (2 marks)

Solution
Model is useful in the short term but not in the long term as it predicts a negative number of swimmers after just over 30 days, which makes no sense.
Specific behaviours
✓ indicates useful in short term but not in long term
✓ includes at least one reason in response

#### CALCULATOR-FREE

#### **Question 5**

#### (6 marks)

- (a) When collecting data as part of a statistical investigation, state a reason why a student
  - (i) may choose to take a sample from the population under study. (1 mark)

Solution Easier; Quicker; Not possible to locate all members of population; etc

#### **Specific behaviours**

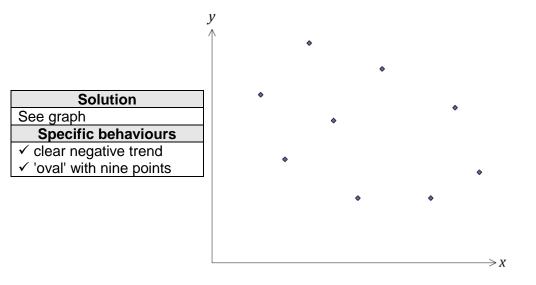
✓ states a valid reason

(ii) would prefer a large sample rather than a small sample.

(1 mark)

Solution	
Larger samples tend to be less biased/give more valid results/etc	
Specific behaviours	
✓ states a valid reason	

- (b) A student investigated the relationship between the number of emails, *x*, and the number of text messages, *y*, received by nine people during a weekday and found that there was a weak negative linear relationship between the variables.
  - (i) Use the axes below to sketch a possible scatter plot that reflects this information. (2 marks)



(ii) Place a cross on the scale below for the best estimate you can make for the value of the correlation coefficient between the two variables. (1 mark)



(iii) Suggest a reason for the relationship the student found.

(1 mark)

Solution		
Personal preference to use one rather than both forms of communication		
Specific behaviours		
✓ any plausible reason		

#### **APPLICATIONS UNITS 3 AND 4**

8

#### **Question 6**

#### (6 marks)

(a) A simple connected graph has 4 edges and V vertices. State all possible values of V.

(2 marks)

Solution
( <i>V</i> =) 4 or 5
Specific behaviours
✓ either value
✓ both values, no others

(b) A simple connected graph has *E* edges and 4 vertices. State all possible values of *E*. (2 marks)

Solution
(E =) 3, 4, 5  or  6
Specific behaviours
✓ at least three correct
✓ all values, no others

(c) Draw a simple connected graph that has 5 vertices and is Eulerian but not Hamiltonian. (2 marks)

#### See next page

### **Question 7**

**CALCULATOR-FREE** 

The table below shows all but one of the seasonal indices for the daily sales figures for a recently opened pop-up store that is closed on Mondays and Tuesdays.

Day	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Seasonal index	0.65	0.70		1.35	1.50

(a) Determine the seasonal index for Friday.

Solution
0.65 + 0.7 + 1.35 + 1.5 = 4.2
5 - 4.2 = 0.8
Specific behaviours
✓ indicates given values must add to 5

(b) One weekend, the pop-up store had sales worth \$3 000 on Saturday and \$3 000 on Sunday. If these sales figures were deseasonalised, which day would have the highest sales? Justify your answer.
 (2 marks)

Solution		
Saturday.		
$3000 \div 1.35$ will be bigger than $3000 \div 1.5$ .		
Specific behaviours		
✓ chooses Saturday		
$\checkmark$ gives a reasonable explanation		

- (c) The equation of the trend line for deseasonalised sales, *S* in dollars, after the store had been open for *t* days was S = 195t + 1640.
  - (i) Interpret the value of the slope of this line in this context.

(1 mark)

Solution
Sales are increasing by \$195 per day that store is open.
Specific behaviours
✓ states sales are increasing by 195 per day

(ii) Write down an expression that would forecast the actual sales of the pop-up shop on the Wednesday when t = 31. **Do not** evaluate your expression. (2 marks)

Solution
$(195 \times 31 + 1640) \times 0.65$
Specific behaviours
✓ substitutes time into trend line
✓ multiplies trend value by seasonal component, using brackets

#### (7 marks)

(2 marks)

**CALCULATOR-FREE** 

#### Question 8

#### (8 marks)

(2 marks)

A school has received quotes from venues A, B, C and D to host teams of students to play knockout competitions in basketball, hockey and volleyball. The four venues can only host one sport at a time and their quotes, in hundreds of dollars, for each sport are shown below.

			Sport	
		Basketball	Hockey	Volleyball
	Α	28	23	23
Vanua	В	27	23	30
Venue	С	25	26	22
	D	30	24	27

(a) If venues B, C and D are chosen for basketball, hockey and volleyball respectively, calculate the total cost. [1] Solution (1 mark)

✓ calculates total cost

•	Solution
	$27 + 26 + 27 = 80 \Rightarrow \$8\ 000\ total\ cost$
	Specific behaviours

(b) Represent the choice of venues for each sport as a bipartite graph.

 Solution

 A
 B
 C
 D

 A
 B
 C
 D

 Basketball
 Hockey
 Volleyball

 Specific behaviours
 ✓

 two distinct sets of points
 ✓

 joins to create complete bipartite graph

(c) Show use of the Hungarian algorithm to determine a suitable allocation of sports to venues in order to minimise the total cost, and state the minimum cost. (5 marks)

									Solution					
[28	23	23	0		[3	0	1	<mark>0</mark>		[2	0	0	[0	
27	23	30	0	⇒	2	0	8	0	∣⇒	1	0	7	0	
25	26	22	0	-	0	<mark>3</mark>	0	0		0	4	0	1	
L30	24	27	0		5	1	5	<mark>0</mark> _		4	1	4	0	

Allocate basketball to C, hockey to B and volleyball to A. Hence minimum cost is  $25 + 23 + 23 = 71 \Rightarrow \$7\ 100$ 

#### Specific behaviours

- ✓ adds dummy column
- ✓ subtracts column minimums from each column
- $\checkmark$  subtracts smallest uncovered (1) from uncovered and adds to twice covered
- ✓ identifies allocation
- ✓ calculates minimum cost

# Additional working space

Question number: \_\_\_\_\_

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